Alert form for reporting pathogens with Emerging Antibiotic Resistance (EAR)						
A. Laboratory Information						
1. Name of the reporting laboratory:	2.Name and Contact Information of Microbiologist:					
B. Patient Demographic Information						
3.Patient ID:	4. Specimen ID:					
5. Completed Age (in years/months/weeks/days):	6. Sex (Tick one box): Male □ Female □ Other □					
7.District:	8. Village (rural) / Locality (urban):					
C. Admission Information						
9. Date of Hospital Admission D D M M Y Y Y Y	10. Location of patient at the time of sample collection(Tick one box)ICU \square IPD \square OPD \square Other \square					
D. Specimen Type and Pathogen Isolated						
11. Specimen Collection Date Click here to	o enter a date. D D M M Y Y	Y Y				
12. Type of Specimen (Tick one box)	13. Isolated Pathogen (Tick one box)					
a. Blood \square	1. Staphylococcus aureus					
b. Urine □	2. Escherichia coli					
c. Stool□	3. Klebsiella species □ specify species if known:					
d. Pleural Fluid □	4. Acinetobacter baumanii/					
e. CSF□	calcoaceticus complex					
f. Pus Aspirate□ (specify:)	5. Pseudomonas aeruginosa □specify species	s if known				
g. Other Sterile Body Fluid □	6. Enterococcus species ☐ specify species if known					
(<i>specify</i> :)	7. Salmonella enterica □specify serotype if known					
\	ser. Typhi/ Paratyphi					
E. Detected/ Suspected Resistance Pattern	F. Method of Detection(Tick all that apply)	G. AST details				
1. Suspected VISA	☐Growth on Vancomycin Screen Agar					
(Vancomycin Intermediate S. aureus)	□MIC 4-8 μg/ml by automated AST					
	\square MIC 4-8 μ g/ml by broth microdilution					
2. Suspected VRSA	☐Growth on Vancomycin Screen Agar					
(Vancomycin Resistant S. aureus)	\square MIC \ge 16 µg/ml by automated AST					
	\square MIC $\ge 16 \mu$ g/ml by broth microdilution					
3. Suspected Colistin resistance	\square MIC $\ge 4 \mu$ g/ml by BMD for					
(Enterobacteriaceae & Non fermenters)	Enterobacteriaceae and <i>Acinetobacter</i>					
	baumannii/Acinetobacter calcoaceticus					
	complex					
	\square MIC $\ge 8 \mu$ g/ml by BMD for <i>P</i> .					
4.0	aeruginosa					
4. Suspected Linezolid resistance	\square Zone diameter ≤ 20 mm by disc					
(in Enterococci and S. aureus)	diffusion					
	\square MIC ≥ 8 µg/ml by automated AST					
5 C	\Box MIC ≥ 8 μg/ml by broth microdilution					
5. Suspected Ceftriaxone resistance in Salmonella enterica sero. Typhi/Paratyphi	☐ Zone diameter ≤ 19 mm by disc diffusion					
Samonena emerica sero. 1 ypin/1 aratypin						
	\square MIC $\ge 4\mu$ g/ml by automated AST					

	\square MIC \ge 4 μ g/ml by broth microdilution			
6. Suspected ceftriaxone intermediate sensitive in <i>Salmonella enterica</i> sero. Typhi/Paratyphi	☐ Zone diameter 20-22 mm disc diffusion			
7. Suspected Azithromycin resistance in Salmonella enterica sero. Typhi	□ Zone diameter ≤ 12 mm by disc diffusion $□$ MIC ≥ 32 μg/ml by automated AST $□$ MIC ≥ 32 μg/ml by broth microdilutio			
8. Suspected Imipenem or Meropenem resistant Salmonella enterica sero. Typhi/Paratyphi	□ Zone diameter ≤ 19 mm by disc diffusion $□$ MIC ≥ 4μg/ml by automated AST $□$ MIC ≥ 4μg/ml by broth microdilution			
9. Other significant resistance Pathogen: (If other than listed in E. 8) Drug 1: Drug 2 Drug 3: Drug 4:	Drug 1: Zone diameter by disc diffusior MIC µg/ml by automated AST MIC µg/ml by broth microdilution Drug 2: Zone diameter by disc diffusior MIC µg/ml by automated AST MIC µg/ml by broth microdilution Drug 3: Zone diameter by disc diffusior MIC µg/ml by automated AST MIC µg/ml by broth microdilution Drug 4: Zone diameter by disc diffusior MIC µg/ml by automated AST MIC µg/ml by broth microdilution Drug 4: Zone diameter by disc diffusior MIC µg/ml by automated AST MIC µg/ml by broth microdilution Drug 4: MIC µg/ml by broth microdilution Drug 4: MIC µg/ml by broth microdilution Drug 4: MIC µg/ml by broth			
H. Clinical Notes				

Date of Reporting:

Reported by:

(Name, signature & seal)